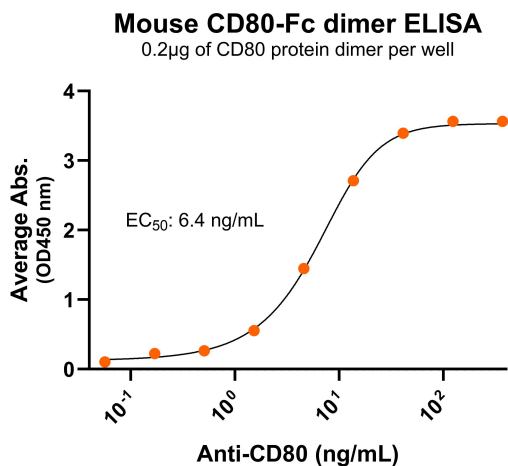
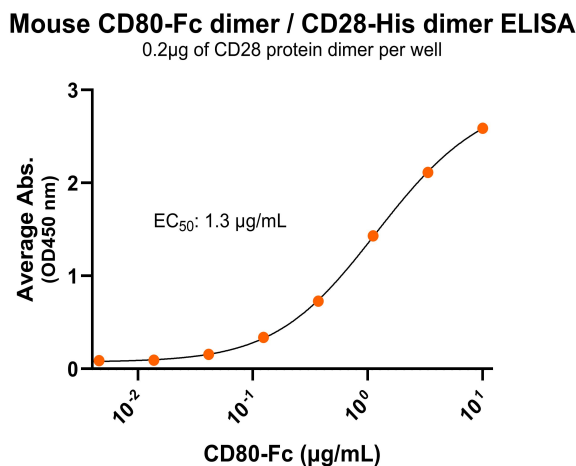


## Bioactivity – Antibody Binding



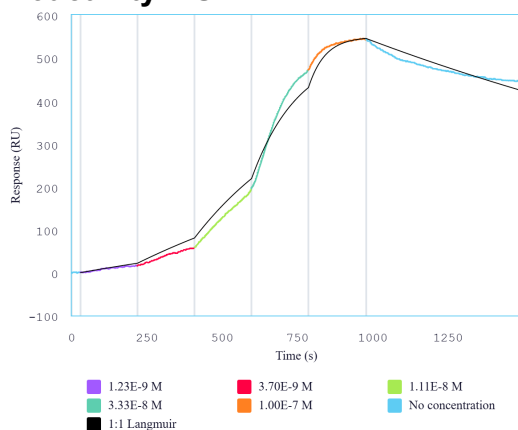
Immobilize mouse CD80-hFc protein dimer, Fc Tag (Cat. No. CSP-25187-04) at 2 µg/mL (100 µL/well) can bind anti-mouseCD80 monoclonal antibody with half maximal effective concentration (EC<sub>50</sub>) range of 3.2-12.9ng/mL (QC tested).

## Bioactivity – Antibody Binding



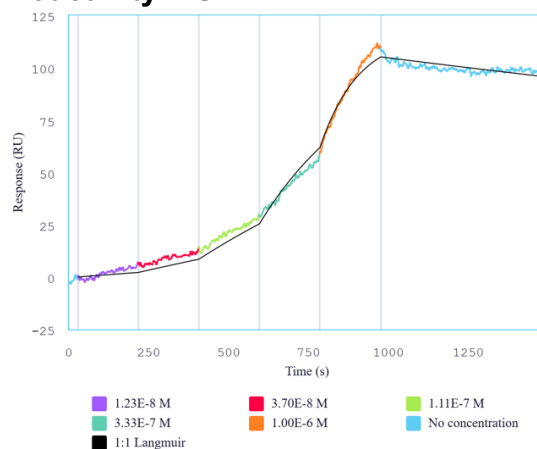
Immobilized mouse CD28 protein dimer, His Tag (CSP-25186-01) at 2 µg/mL (100 µL/well) can bind mouse CD80 protein dimer, Fc Tag (Cat. No. CSP-25187-04) dimer protein, with half maximal effective concentration (EC<sub>50</sub>) range of 0.6-2.6 µg/mL (QC tested).

## Bioactivity – SPR



Immobilized mouse CTLA-4 protein dimer, His tag (CSP-25185-01) can bind mouse CD80 protein dimer, Fc Tag (Cat. No. CSP-25187-04) with a K<sub>D</sub> of 1.4-5.5 nM as determined by SPR.

## Bioactivity – SPR

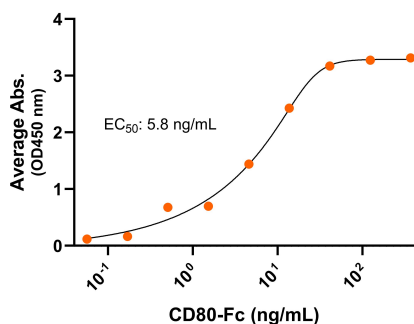


Immobilized mouse CD28 protein dimer, His tag (CSP-25186-01) can bind mouse CD80 protein dimer, Fc Tag (Cat. No. CSP-25187-04) with a K<sub>D</sub> of 11.3-45 nM as determined by SPR.

## Bioactivity – Ligand Binding

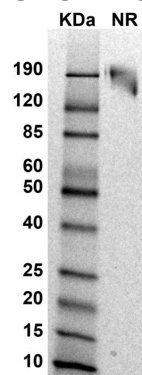
### Mouse CD80-Fc dimer / CTLA-4-His dimer ELISA

0.2µg of CTLA-4 protein dimer per well



Immobilized mouse CTLA-4 protein dimer, His Tag (CSP-25185-01) at 2 µg/mL (100 µL/well) can bind mouse CD80 protein dimer, Fc Tag (Cat. No. CSP-25187-04) dimer protein, with half maximal effective concentration (EC50) range of 2.9-11.7 ng/mL (QC tested).

## SDS-PAGE



MW: Molecular Weight marker reduced condition

NR: CD80 dimer under non-reduced condition

The migration range of the protein dimer with glycosylation under non-reduced condition is ~190 kDa on SDS PAGE.

**Expression Host**  
HEK293T

**Purity**  
Greater than 90% dimer form as determined by SDS-PAGE under non-reducing condition

**Protein Construct**  
Mouse CD80 protein dimer contains the CD80 extracellular domain (UniProt# Q00609) fused with a proprietary dimer motif followed by a Fc tag at the C-terminus. Expressed in HEK293T cell line.

**SDS-Page Molecular Weight**  
100 kDa. The migration range of the protein dimer with glycosylation under non-reduced condition is ~190 kDa on SDS PAGE.

**Shipping Conditions**  
Frozen Dry Ice

**Protein Name**  
CD80-hFc

**Alternate Name(s)**  
B7, B7-1, B7.1, BB1, CD28LG, CD28LG1, LAB7

**Amino Acid Range**  
V38-N246

**Formulation**  
0.22µm filtered PBS, pH 7.4

**Stability & Storage**  
-80°C

## Background

Cluster of differentiation 80 (CD80) is a Type I transmembrane glycoprotein in the immunoglobulin superfamily and a member of the B7 Family of ligands. CD80 is also known as B7, B7-1, B7.1, BB1, CD28LG, CD28LG1, and LAB7. CD80 contains an extracellular domain (ECD), a transmembrane domain, and a cytoplasmic domain. The ECD consists of two immunoglobulin (Ig)-like subdomains, a variable-like domain (Ig-V-like domain), and a constant-like domain (Ig-C-like domain). It is primarily expressed on antigen-presenting cells (APCs), such as dendritic cells, macrophages, and B cells. CD80 interacts with CTLA-4 (Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte associated protein 4) to transmit an inhibitory signal with T cells and CD28 (Cluster of differentiation 28) to transmit a stimulatory signal. It is often overexpressed in various autoimmune diseases such as multiple sclerosis and systemic lupus erythematosus, as well as some cancers. CD80 exists as a monomer but its dimeric form can influence immune regulation and contribute to pathogenic conditions. A recombinant protein mimicking the CD80 dimer conformation can be crucial for therapeutic discovery. While structurally and functionally similar to human CD80, mouse CD80 is a species-specific tool essential for preclinical studies, basic research and translational research in cancer immunotherapy.